

# MEM 255 Introduction to Control Systems: *Working with Block Diagrams*

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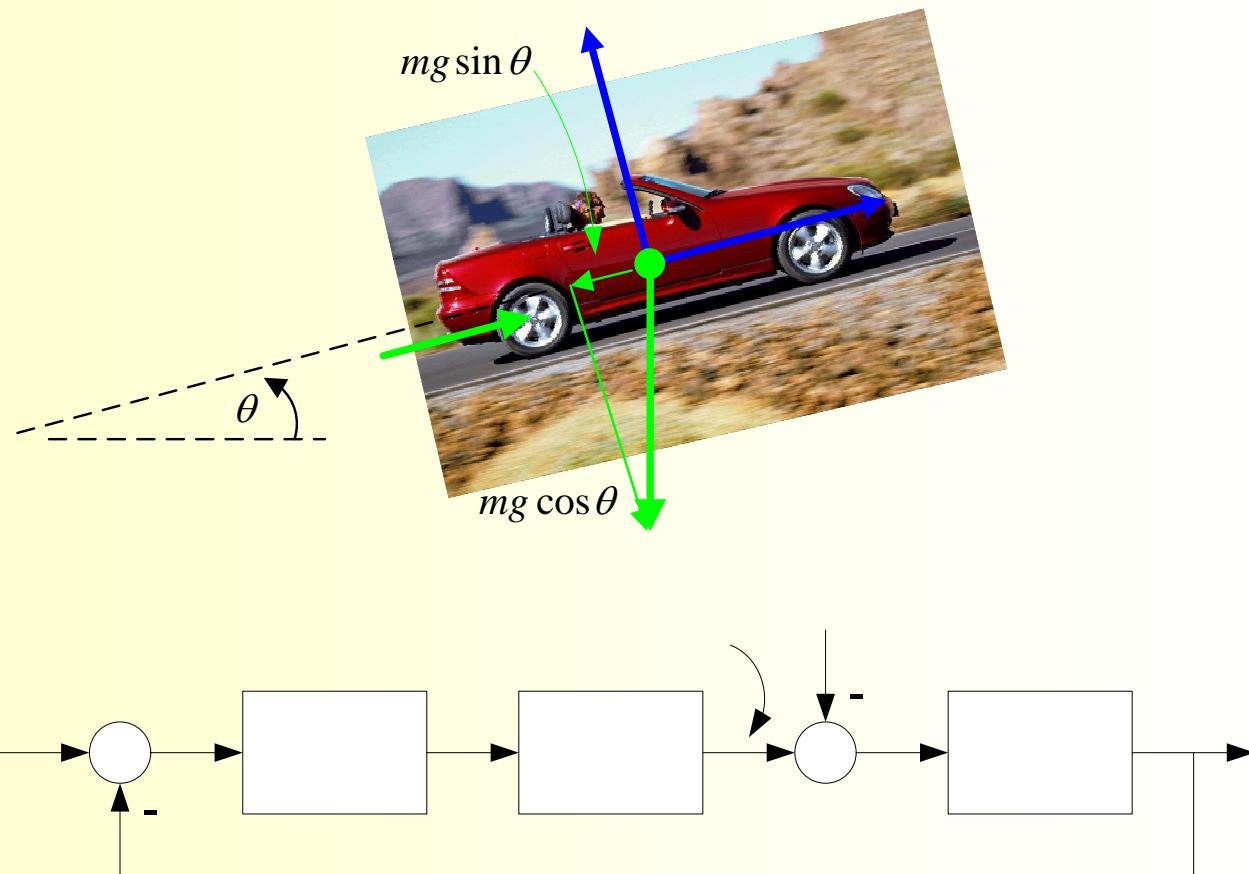
Drexel University



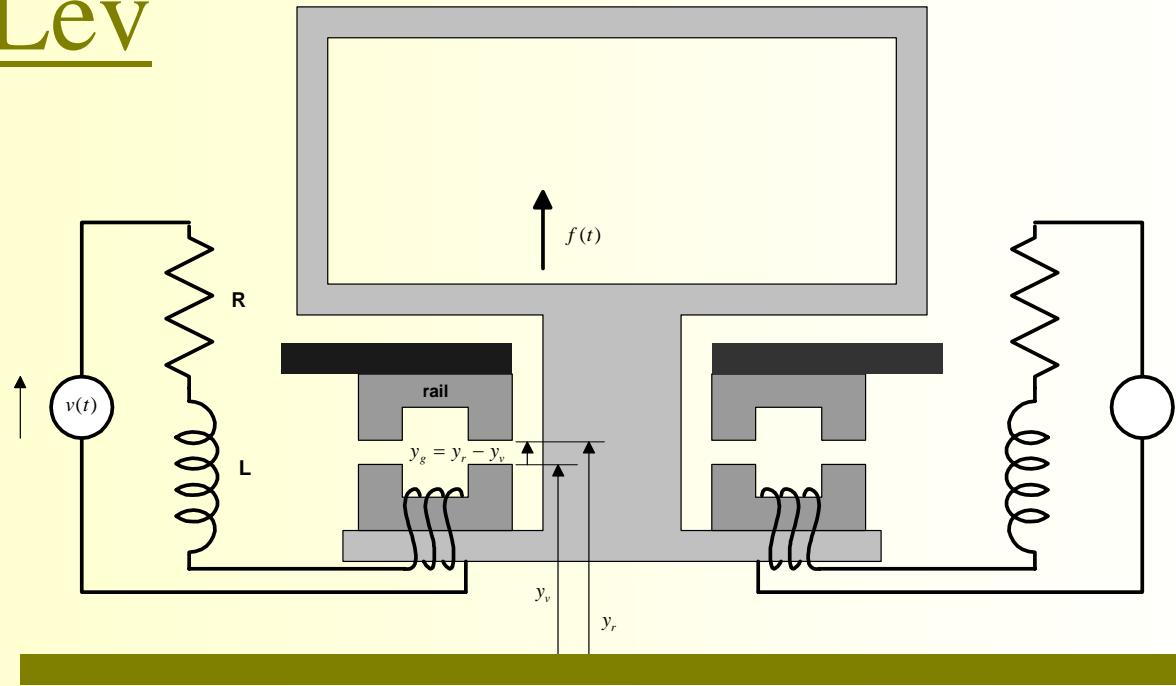
# Outline

- **Block diagrams as an aid in model building**
- **Working with linear SISO blocks – building system transfer functions**
- **MATLAB tools**
- **General nonlinear MIMO blocks – building simulation models**
- **SIMULINK**

# Example: Cruise Control

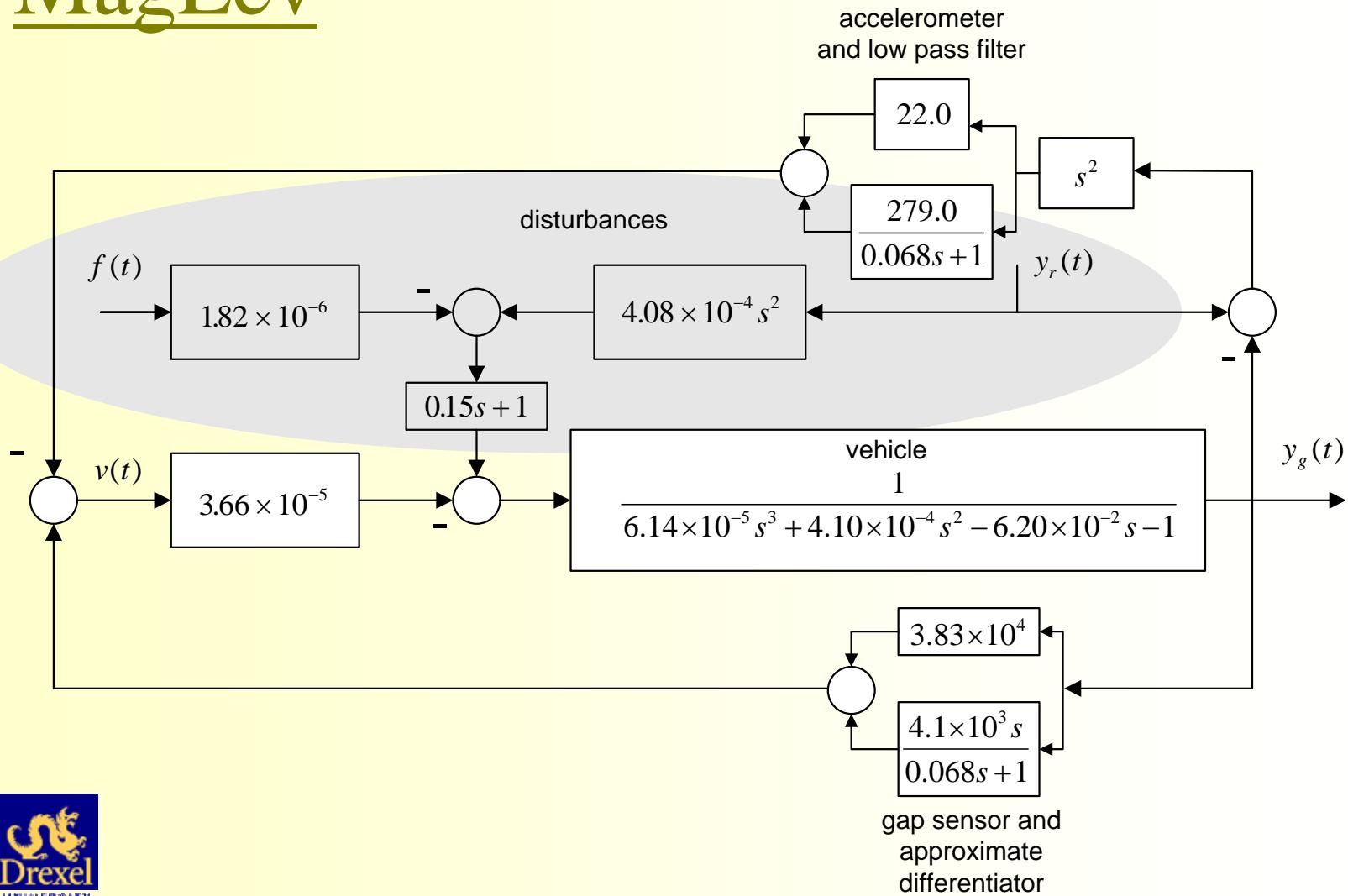


# Preliminary Example: MagLev



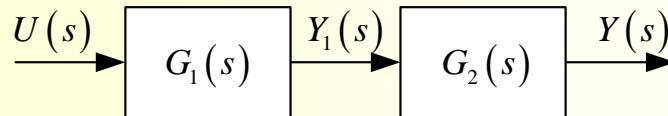
The vertical support via attracting magnets is inherently unstable since attractive forces decrease with air gap, so a small disturbance from equilibrium causes the vehicle to either clamp to the rail or fall. Thus, a feedback control is employed using the magnet excitation voltage to stabilize the motion and control the air gap and vehicle position.

# Preliminary Example: MagLev



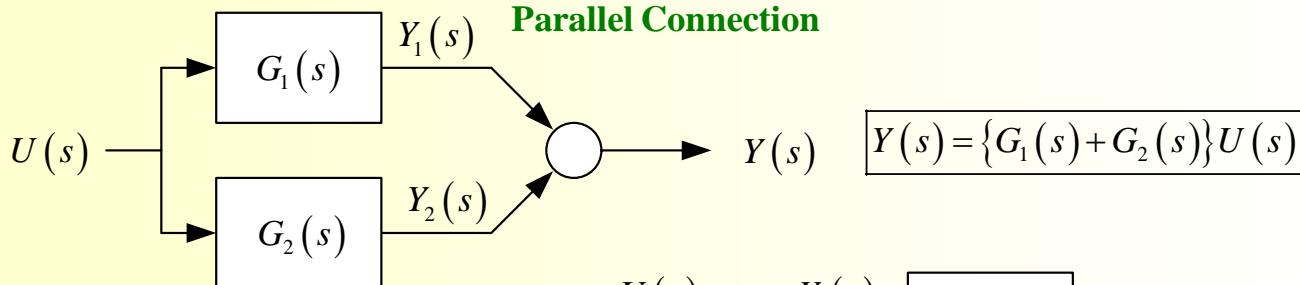
# Three Basic Interconnections

**Series Connection**



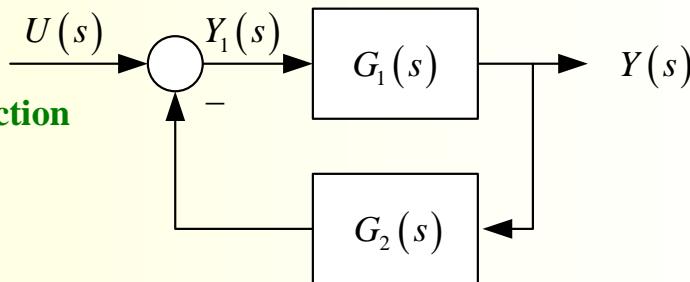
$$Y(s) = G_2(s)Y_1(s) \quad \& \quad Y_1(s) = G_1(s)U(s) \Rightarrow Y(s) = G_2(s)G_1(s)U(s)$$

**Parallel Connection**



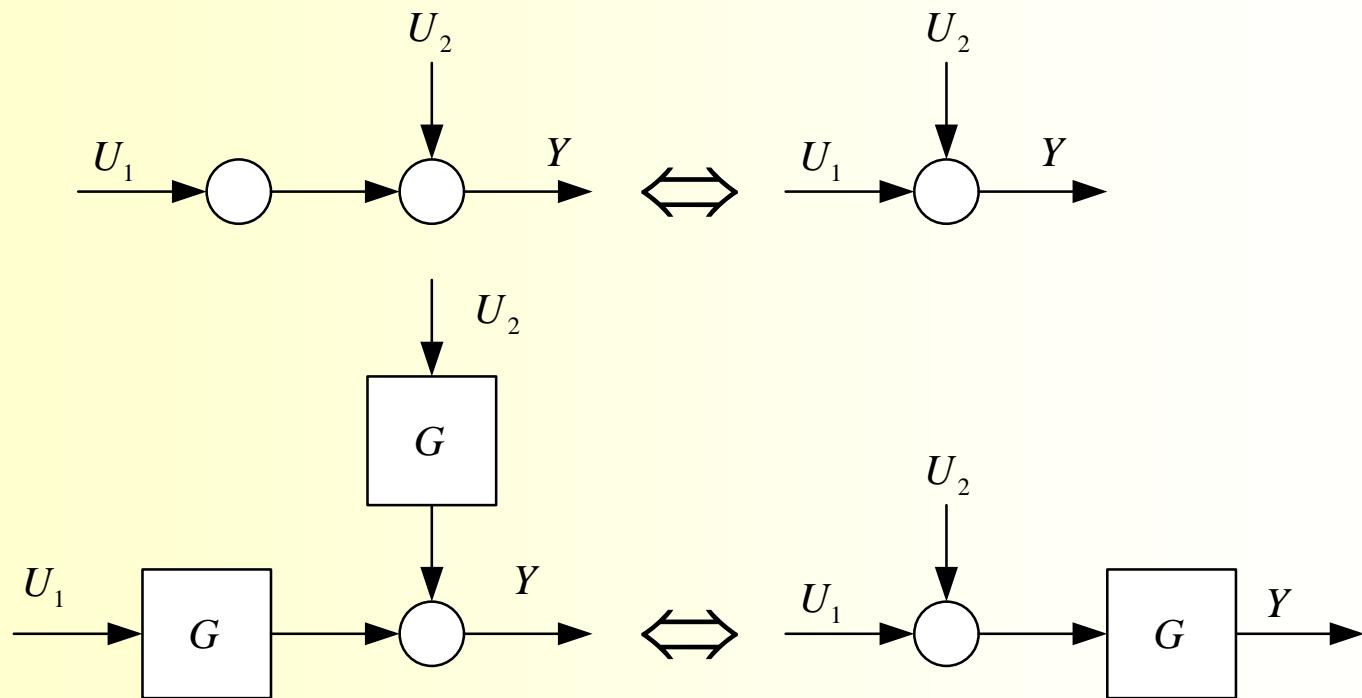
$$Y(s) = \{G_1(s) + G_2(s)\}U(s)$$

**Negative Feedback Connection**

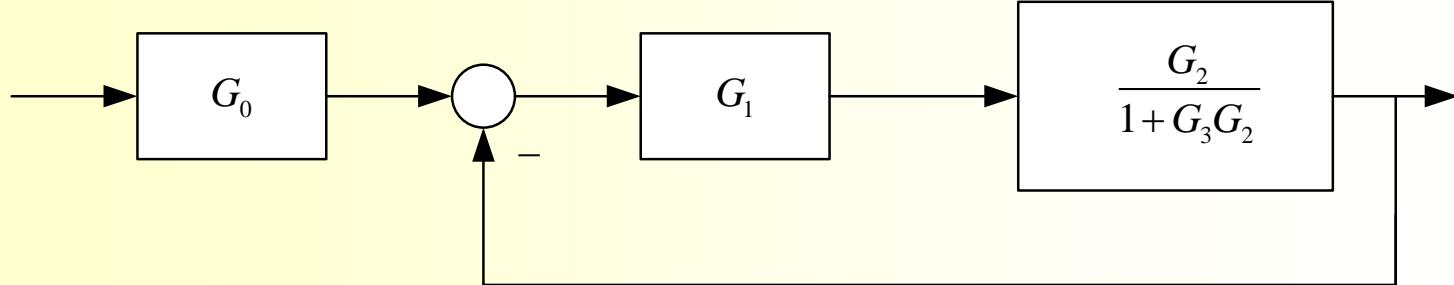
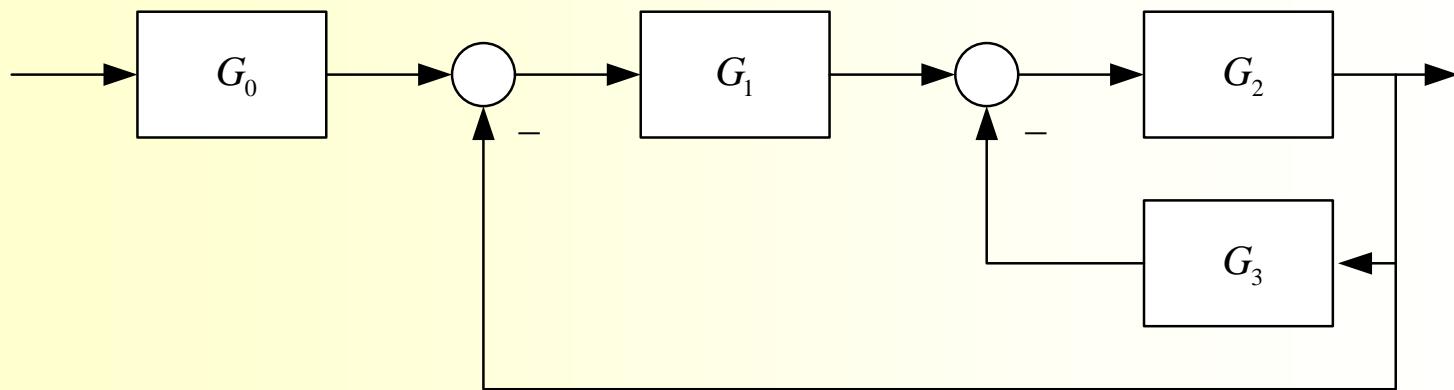


$$Y_1(s) = U(s) - G_2(s)Y(s) \quad \& \quad Y(s) = G_1(s)Y_1(s) \Rightarrow Y(s) = \frac{G_1(s)}{1 + G_2(s)G_1(s)}$$

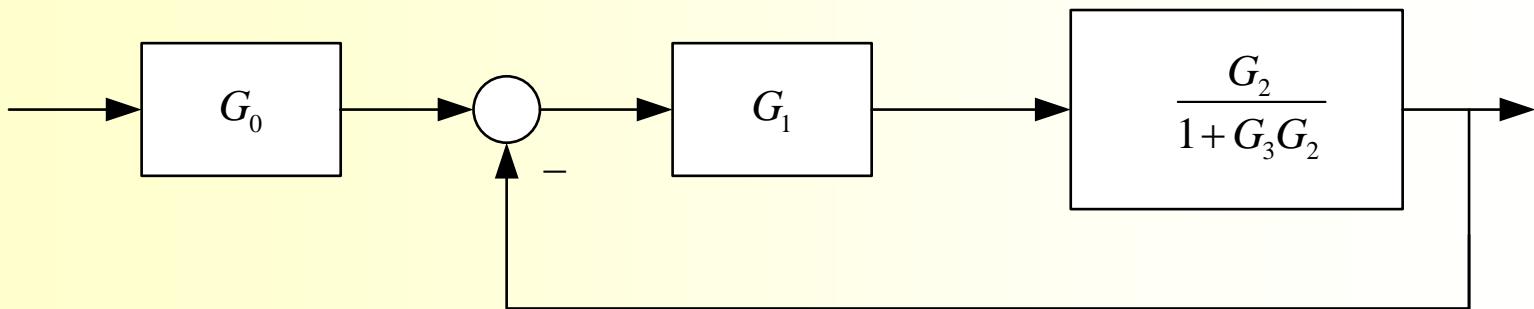
# Summing Junction Linearity



# Example

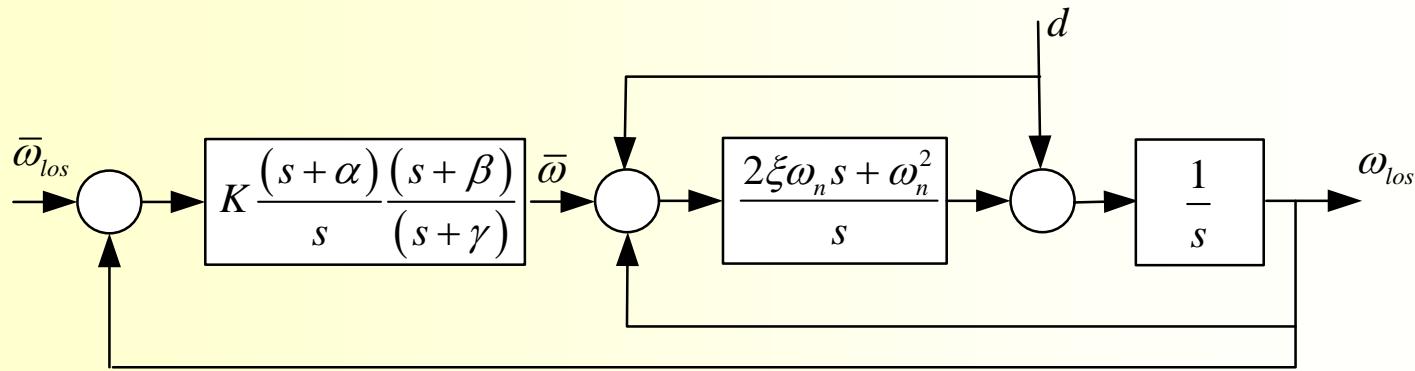


# Example, Cont'd



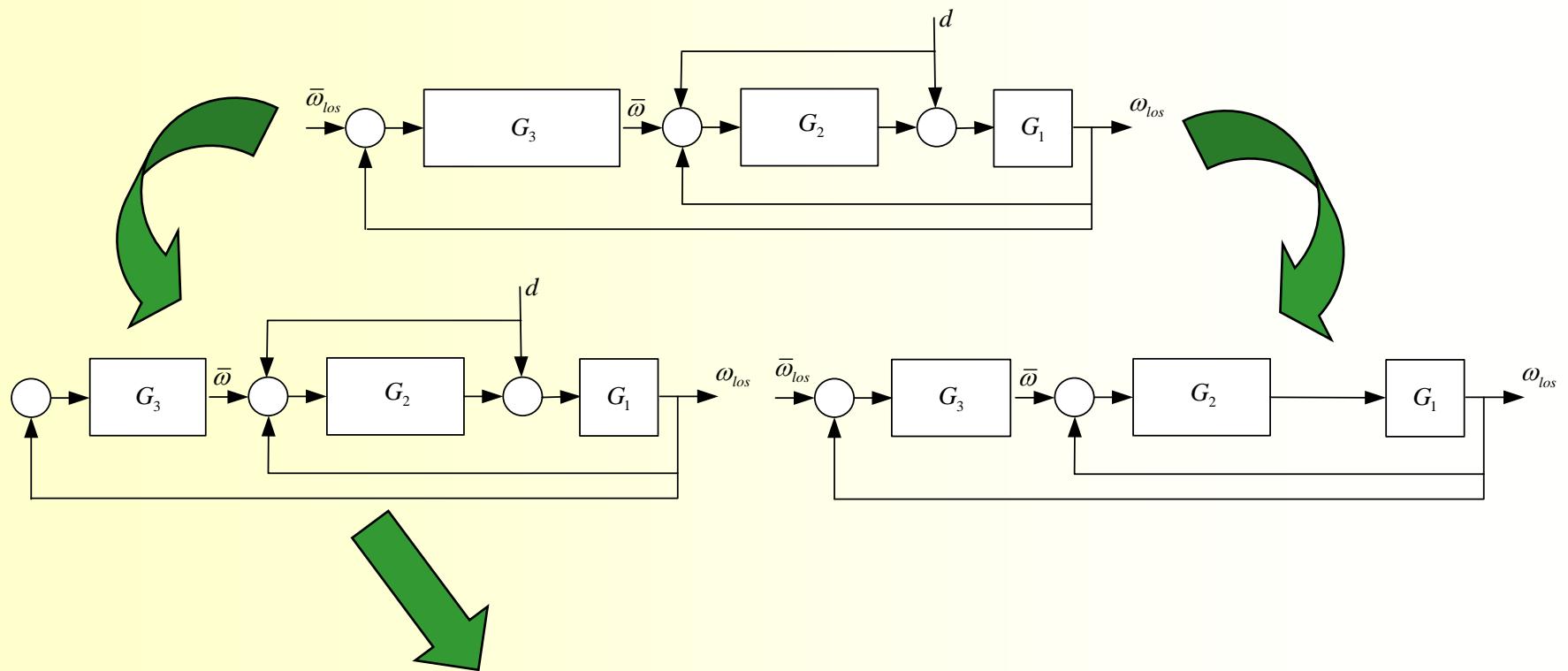
$$\frac{\frac{G_1G_2}{1+G_3G_2}}{1+\frac{G_1G_2}{1+G_3G_2}} = \frac{G_1G_2}{1+G_3G_2 + G_1G_2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{G_0G_1G_2}{1+G_3G_2 + G_1G_2}}$$

# Example: Platform Rate Controller

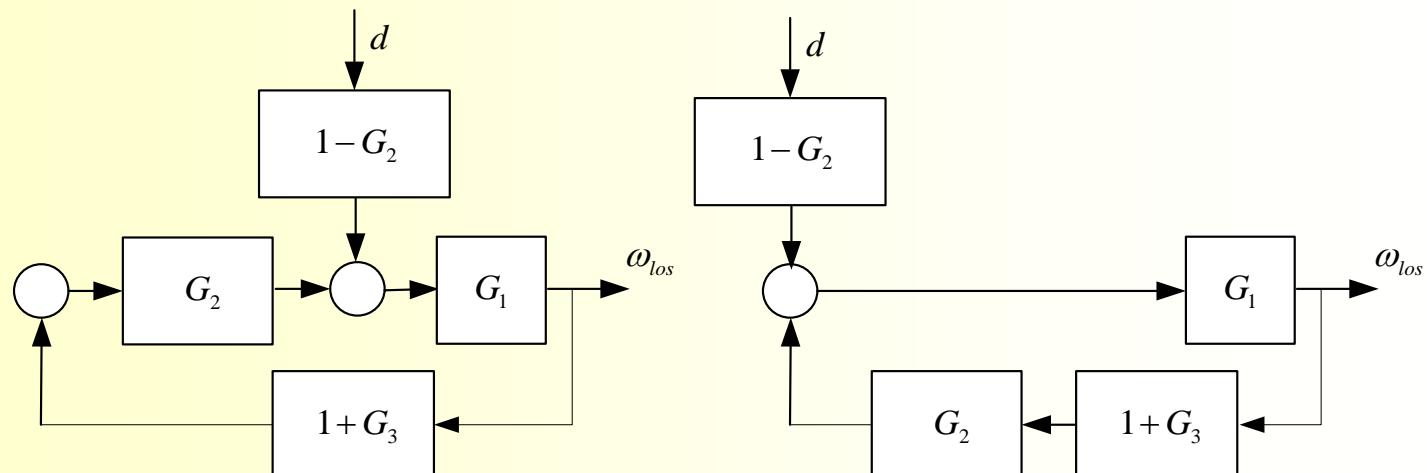
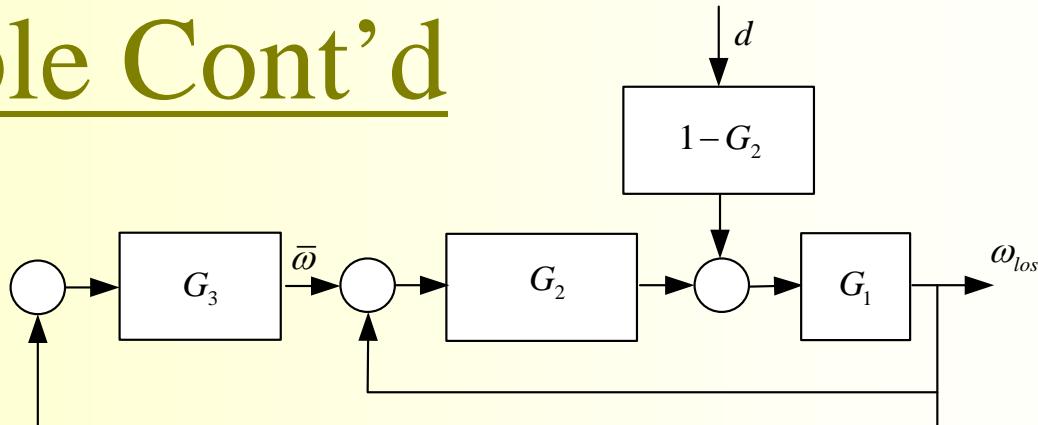


- 1) Find transfer function from command to  $\omega_{los}$
- 2) Find transfer function from disturbance to  $\omega_{los}$

# Example Cont'd



# Example Cont'd



$$d \rightarrow 1 - G_2 \rightarrow \frac{G_1}{1 + G_1 G_2 (1 + G_3)} \rightarrow \omega_{los}$$

Outer Rate Loop

# Using MATLAB

The MATLAB functions:

series             $\text{sys} = \text{series}(\text{sys1}, \text{sys2})$

parallel          $\text{sys} = \text{parallel}(\text{sys1}, \text{sys2})$

feedback         $\text{sys} = \text{feedback}(\text{sys1}, \text{sys2})$

                  or  $\text{sys} = \text{feedback}(\text{sys1}, \text{sys2}, \text{sign})$

do the algebra for you. General syntax works for MIMO systems.

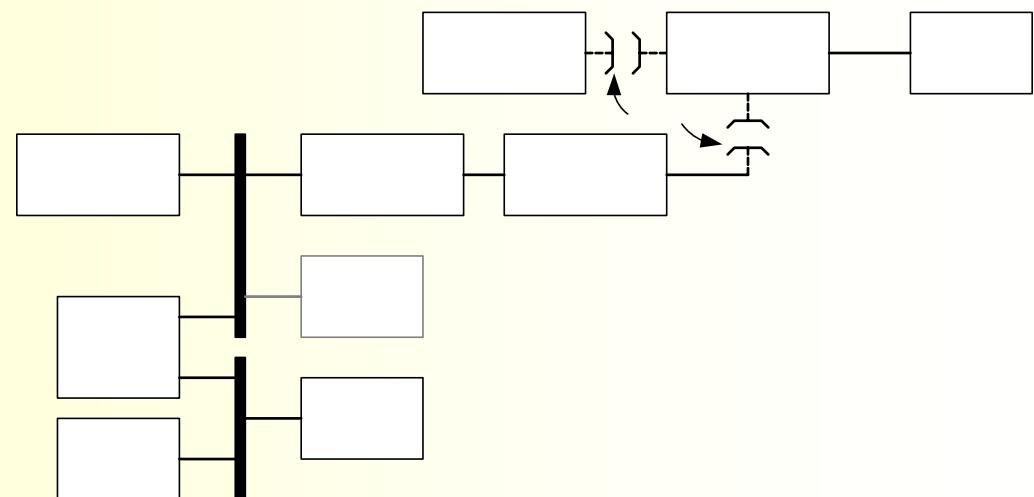


# More General Block Diagrams

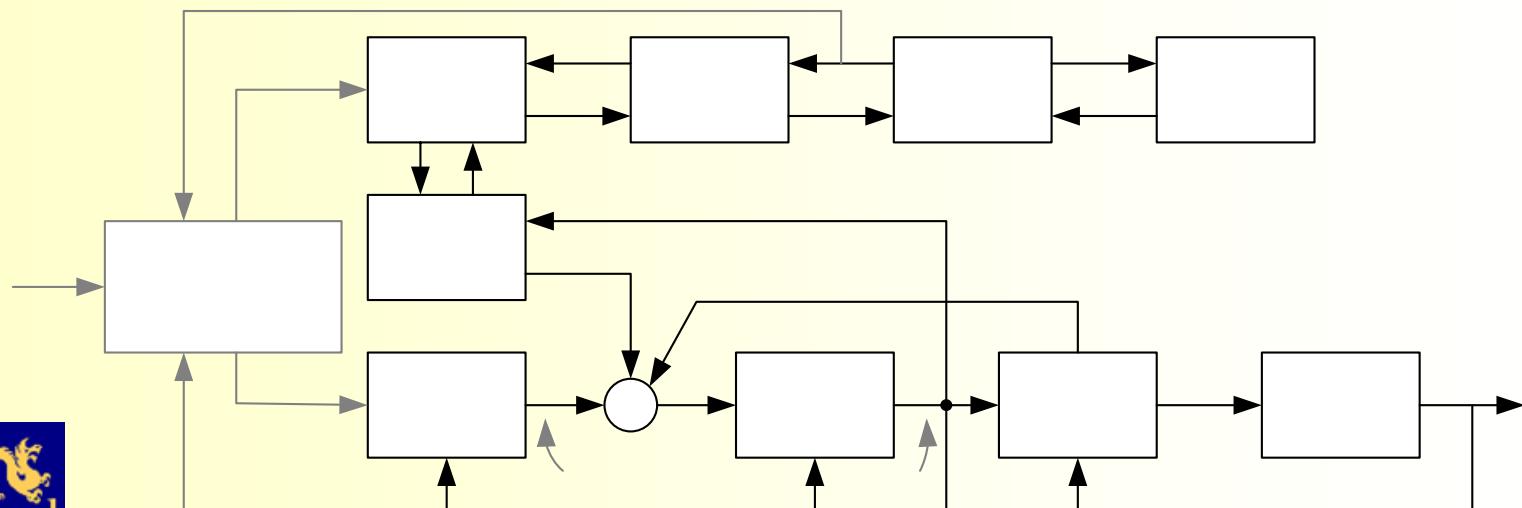
## as a Modeling Tool



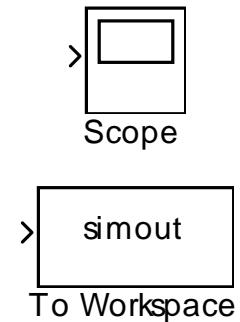
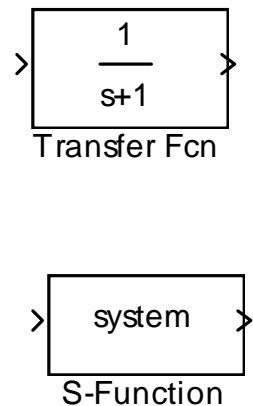
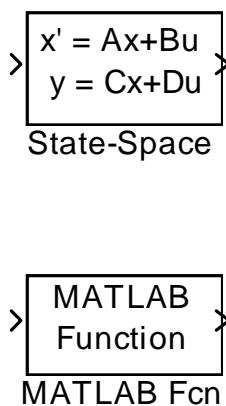
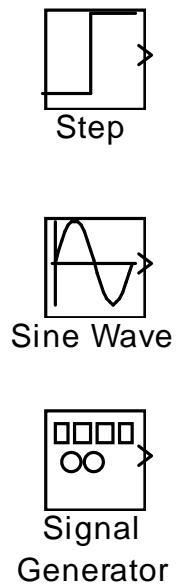
# Preliminary Example: Hybrid Drive



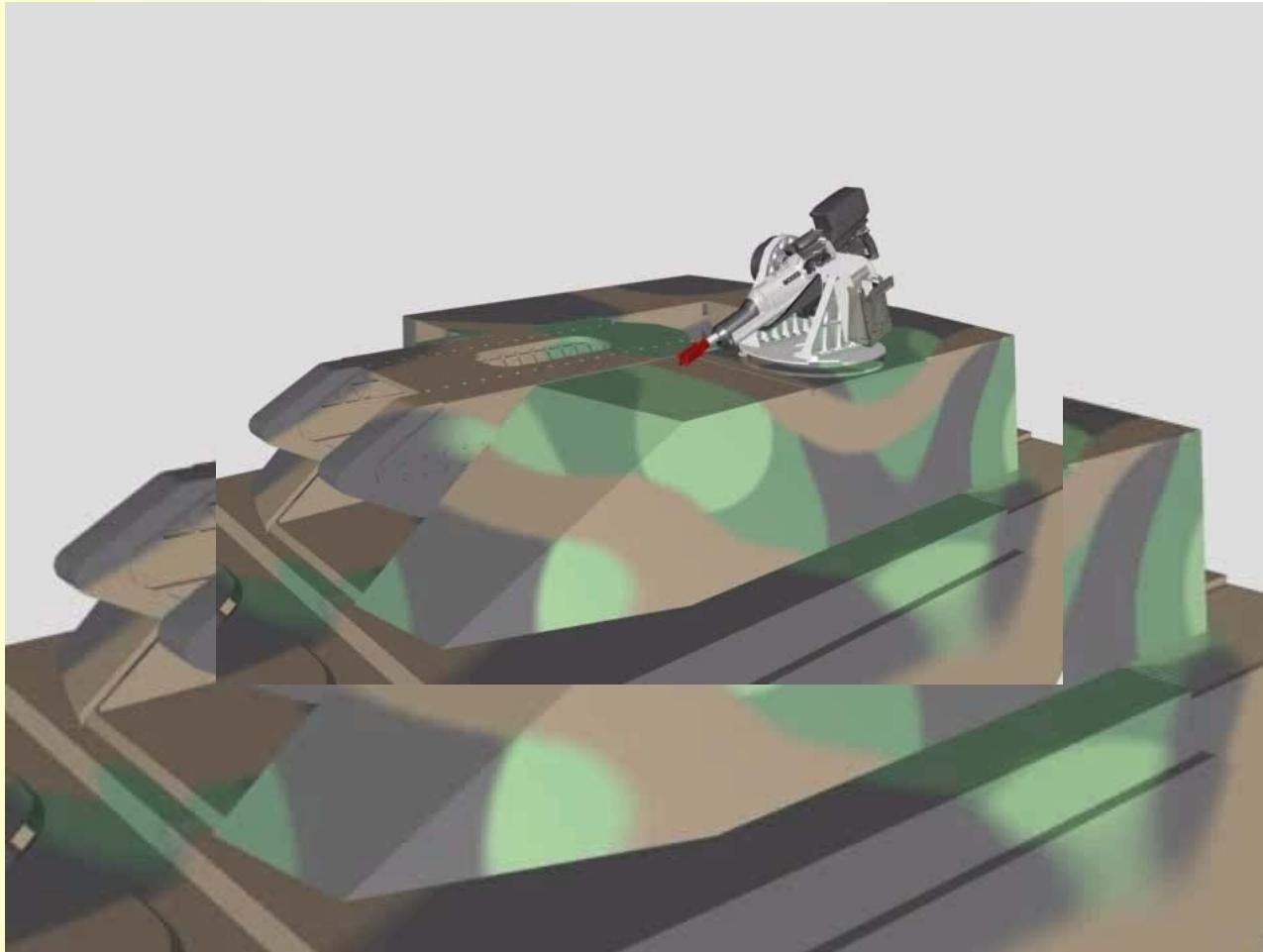
# Preliminary Example: Hybrid Drive



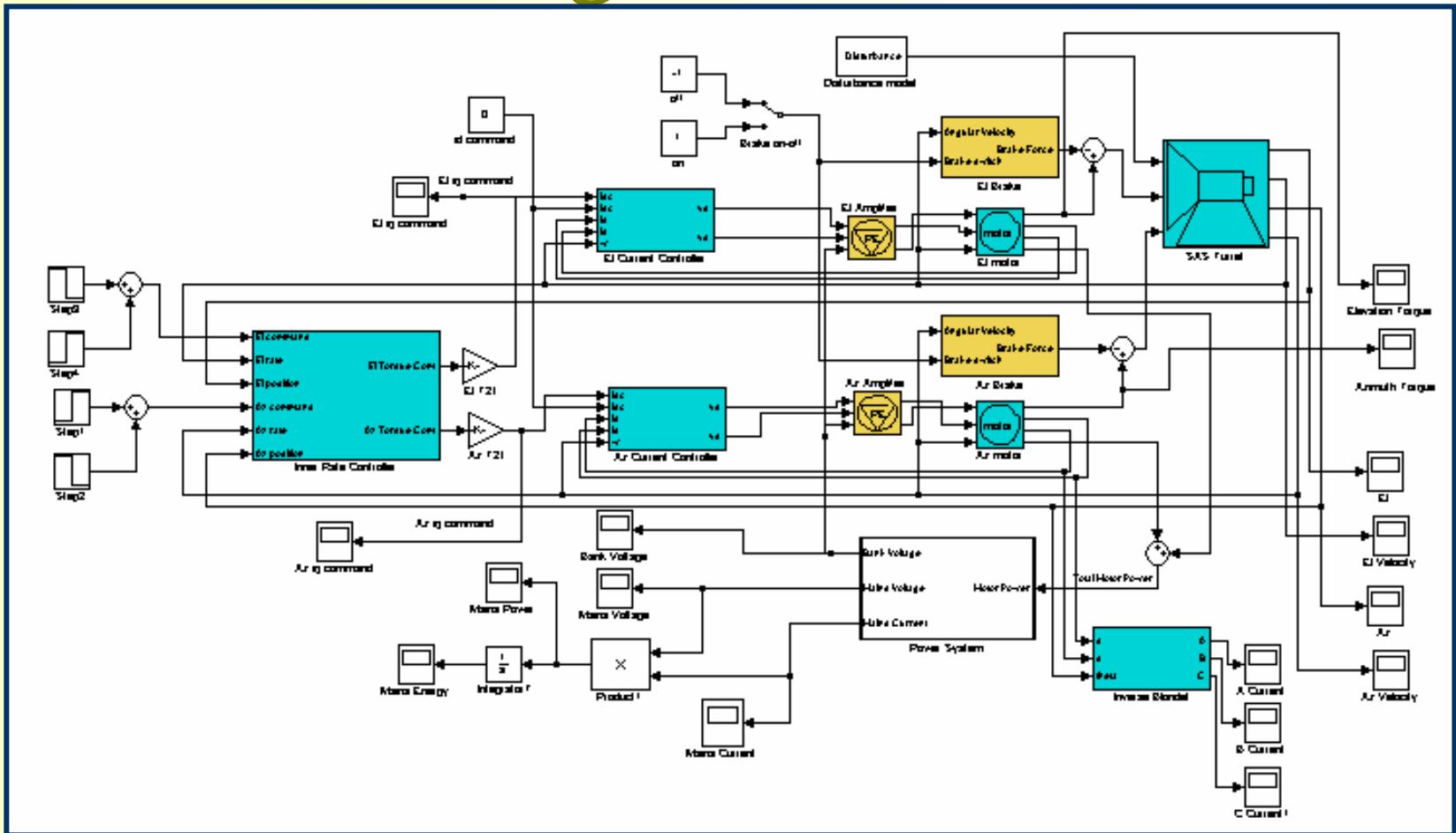
# Simulink



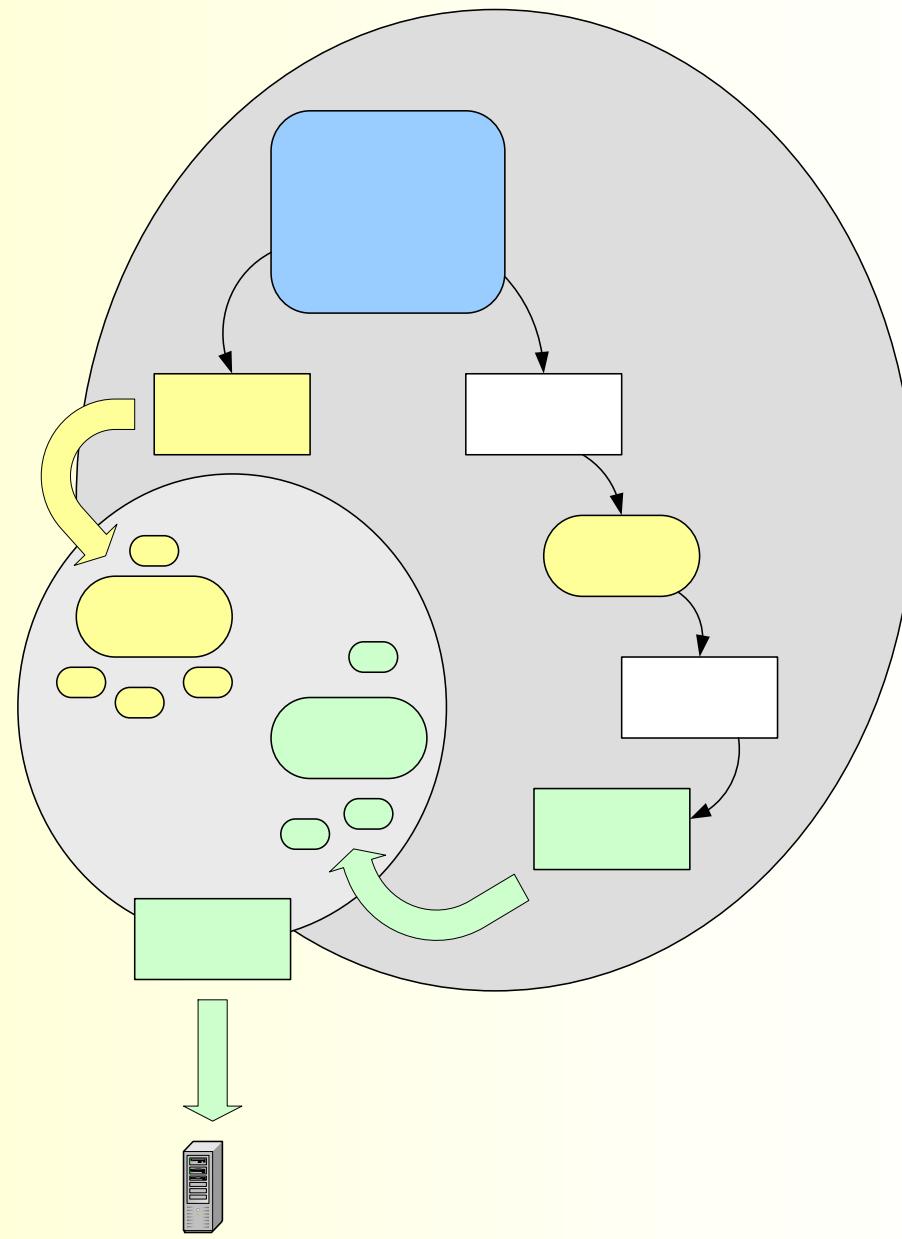
# SAS Animation



# Simulink Diagram



# ProPac



Code  
generati

# Summary

- Linear SISO system block diagrams
- Basics of block diagram algebra
- Using MATLAB
- General block diagrams
- Modeling with Simulink